

COMMEMORATING THE LIFE OF
MS. ETHEL ROBERSON

HON. DANNY K. DAVIS

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 15, 1999

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I submit the following for the RECORD.

Whereas, the Almighty God has called to her eternal rest, Ms. Ethel Roberson, and

Whereas, Ms. Ethel Roberson, for many years was an active resident of the Austin Community and openly participated in civic, community and political affairs; and

Whereas, Ms. Roberson was mild mannered, easy to interact with and did not often raise her voice, she was nevertheless, strong, effective and not to be taken lightly. Large urban inner city communities are often difficult places to live and have been difficult to save and maintain.

The Austin Community on the Westside of Chicago has been such an area; but today, it is strong, vibrant, struggling, fighting back and holding on because of people like Ms. Roberson.

Ethel, you have been a role model and your quiet spirit and determination shall continue to live on. We love, respect, bless and revere you.

WEST VIRGINIA'S NATIVE
AMERICAN HERITAGE

HON. NICK J. RAHALL II

OF WEST VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 15, 1999

Mr. RAHALL. Mr. Speaker, West Virginia is not normally known for its Native American population, but former West Virginia State Senator Robert K. Holliday recently wrote a highly informative commentary on this matter in the July 19, 1999, edition of the Fayette Tribune. His article focuses in particular on the local Algonquin families in Fayette County and I submit it to be reprinted in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

[From the Fayette Tribune, July 19, 1999]
FAYETTE COUNTY INDIANS KEEPING HERITAGE
ALIVE

(Robert K. Holliday)

About eight Indian tribes (families) are formally organized in West Virginia, and one such family lineage is found in Fayette County. The familial group here was given a certificate officially on May 13, 1997, and was given a certificate of incorporation by Ken Hechler, secretary of state, under the name of Algonquin People.

Each of the family tribes in the state seek to bring about an understanding of Indian culture to the world. They undertake to portray the American Indian lore, musical and narrative, to form a record of the songs and legends of their race. Surely, such civilization of the native American tradition is of great value to the history of human race as well as the history of America.

National and state history books are so wrong to show only the brutal side of war when the Indians look out with reference upon the world of nature, and at all times invocationally to the hours of his or her birth and death, as being sacrosanct. They tell of their life in reverences and in symbol and ceremony. Their art is not the extravagance of daily living but it took centuries to evolve.

As in Judaism, Islam, and Christianity, the Indians always have had but one God. The Hindus may profess one God that is supreme but the sects have 350 million other gods. It is time that the forces of hate in America realize that all the religions and races have codes of high, decent morality.

Let's look a little more closely at the local Algonquin families, headed by a national chief, Stanley Miller of Beckwith, and Cindy Petty, sub-chief, of Oak Hill. In the Fayette-based organization three members come from Ohio, seven from Kentucky, six from North Carolina and eight from Nevada. About 465 are from West Virginia. They have been gathering together about every two months at the Fayette 4-H Camp, Beckwith.

Chief Miller reveals and contends that the Algonquins were here when Moses lived, the Egyptians were building the ancient pyramids and the New River was formed before the Nile River, thus substantiating that in itself exposes another reason why the New River was recognized by U.S. Senator Byrd and others as a national river or even could be established as something greater.

Algonquins believe in one God as the creator of the world, in spirit of their other spiritual angels. They pinpoint good and evil. They feel the U.S. government should do more for the Indians at their reservations, and more importantly in education and promoting their traditional culture.

The Algonquins love America and its Constitution. They do want the government to bring together men and women of all religions and races and strive to end hatred in our blessed land. They deplore the calling of Indians red men or their wives "squaws."

To be a member of the local families' tribe, a person may have as little as 1/16 Indian blood. Some of the tribe colonies are the Shawnee, Fox, Delaware, Sauk, Kickapoo, Miami, Cherokee, Mingo, Mohegan, Seneca and others may be adopted as well.

Even in Fayette I am compelled to know that the Indians were here a long, long time ago. With Gov. W.W. Barron and other archaeologists we went to the mouth of Armstrong Creek in 1963 where it was let out that perhaps about 35,000 B.C.E. that aboriginal people were buried there. It was the site of an Indian village of old. We even bored down into the graves to examine the remains and discover other findings. Around the shoulders on the mountain of Armstrong, much now destroyed by surface mining, are more aptly pointed to as Indian works but most often called "mystery walls" that have run a few miles.

It was of course not the white man that was here first. The date of man's arrival in America is open to discussion, though archaeological evidence from sites suggests many dates before and after 14,000 years ago. Homo sapiens sapiens (fully modern man) were the first to inhabit the Americas during the latter part of the Ice Age. Our real forefathers came over the Bering land bridge that was then formed by ice, and they migrated from Siberia to this land.

In Shawnee: Kechtalinnie.

ENSURING EQUAL EMPLOYMENT
OPPORTUNITIES FOR VETERANS

HON. BARBARA LEE

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 15, 1999

Ms. LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise before you today to speak in favor of equal employment opportunities for our veterans.

Today, we are in a time of economic growth that our nation has not seen in more than thir-

ty years. With each day that passes, our citizens are reaping the benefits of this growth, but our economic recovery has not benefitted everyone equally. Most Americans agree that every human being has basic rights, including the rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. The key to having these basic rights is economic opportunity. This includes the opportunity to have a good job that pays a livable wage.

Equal employment opportunity is when an employer treats its job applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, sexual orientation or veteran status.

If economic opportunity is the key to ensuring life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, how do we ensure economic opportunity regardless of veteran status?

The U.S. Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, the California Department of Veterans Affairs and the Employment Development Department, along with many other local and state agencies, are committed to ensuring that U.S. veterans gain access to equal employment opportunities and affirmative action programs.

A symposium to discuss these opportunities will take place today in San Francisco, California. The topics of this symposium will include federal requirements for employment solicitations, veteran preference in Federal and State employment vs. obligations as a Federal contractor, vocational rehabilitation and/or state rehabilitation, and service-connected disabilities vs. disabilities covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act and the Rehabilitation Act.

I am confident that the outcome of the topics discussed at this symposium will open economic and employment opportunities for our veterans like never before, so that they too can fully participate in our nation's economic growth.

TRIBUTE TO MICHAEL H. VINCENT
AND BONNIE WORKMAN FOR
THEIR SERVICE TO DELAWARE

HON. MICHAEL N. CASTLE

OF DELAWARE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 15, 1999

Mr. CASTLE. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I rise today to honor and pay tribute to two outstanding dedicated and caring Delawareans—Mike Vincent, President of the Delaware Volunteer Firemen's Association (DVFA) and Bonnie Workman, President of the Ladies Auxiliary of the DVFA. On behalf of the citizens of the First State, I would like to honor these two fine individuals for their tireless efforts at the DVFA and the Ladies Auxiliary of the DVFA.

Family, friends, volunteer firemen, and members of the Ladies Auxiliary of the DVFA can now take a moment to truly appreciate the hard work and dedication of these fine individuals during their many years of service. This type of dedication is rare among individuals, and I am happy to rise and commend them for it.

Delaware fire companies are comprised of outstanding, caring and dedicated men and women who unselfishly, day-after-day, year-after-year give their time and talents to help